Numb. CVI.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Thurſday, November 19. to Thurſday, November 26. 1730.

The SPECTATOR, No. 209.

THERE are no Authors I am more pleaſed with, than thoſe who ſhew humane Nature in a Variety of Views, and deſcribe the ſeveral Ages of the World in their different Manners. A Reader cannot be more rationally entertained, than by comparing the Virtues and Vices of his own Times, with thoſe which prevailed in the Times of his Forefathers; and drawing a Parallel in his Mind between his own private Character, and that of other Perſons, whether of his own Age, or of the Ages that went before him. The Contemplation of Mankind under theſe changeable Colours, is apt to ſhame us out of any particular Vice, or animate us to any particular Virtue; to make us pleaſed or diſpleaſed with ourſelves in the moſt proper Points, to clear our Minds of Prejudice and Prepoſſeſſion, and rectify that narrowneſs of Temper which inclines us to think amiſs of thoſe who differ from ourſelves.

If we look into the Manners of the moſt remote Ages of the World, we diſcover human Nature in her Simplicity; and the more we come downward towards our own Times, may obſerve her hiding herſelf in Artifices and Refinements, poliſhed inſenſibly out of her original Plainneſs, and at length entirely loſt under Form and Ceremony, and (what we call) good Breeding. Read the Accounts of Men and Women as they are given us by the moſt ancient Writers, both Sacred and Prophane, and you would think you were reading the Hiſtory of another Species.

Among the Writers of Antiquity, there are none who inſtruct us more openly in the Manners of their reſpective Times in which they lived, than thoſe who have employed themſelves in Satyr, under what Dreſs ſoever it may appear; as there are no other Authors whoſe Province it is to enter ſo directly into the Ways of Men, and ſet their Miſcarriages in ſo ſtrong a Light.

Simonides, a Poet famous in his Generation, is I think Author of the oldeſt Satyr that is now extant; and, as ſome ſay, of the firſt that was ever written. This Poet flouriſhed about 400 Years after the Siege of *Troy*; and ſhews, by his Way of Writing, the Simplicity, or rather Coarſeneſs, of the Age in which he liv'd. I have taken Notice in my 161ſt Speculation, that the Rule of obſerving what the *French* call the *Bienſeance*, in an Alluſion, has been found out of latter Years; and that the Ancients, provided that there was a Likeneſs in their Similitudes, did not much trouble themſelves about the Decency of the Compariſon, The Satyr or Iambicks of *Simonides*, with which I ſhall entertain my Readers in the preſent Paper, are a remarkable Inſtance of what I formerly advanced. The Subject of this Satyr is Woman. He deſcribes the Sex in their ſeveral Characters, which he derives to them from a fanciful Suppoſition raiſed upon the Doctrine of Præ-exiſtence. He tells us, That the Gods formed the Souls of Women out of thoſe Seeds and Principles which compoſe ſeveral Kinds of Animals and Elements; and that their good or bad Diſpoſitions ariſe in them according as ſuch Seeds and Principles predominate in their Conſtitutions. I have tranſlated the Author very faithfully, and if not Word for Word (which our Language would not bear) at leaſt ſo as to comprehend every one of his Sentiments, without adding any Thing of my own. I have already apologized for this Author's want of Delicacy, and muſt further premiſe, That the following Satyr affects only ſome of the lower Part of the Sex, and not thoſe who have been refined by a polite Education, which was not ſo common in the Age of this Poet.

In the Beginning God made the Souls of Womankind out of different Materials, and in a ſeparate State from their Bodies.

The Souls of one Kind of Women were formed out of thoſe Ingredients which compoſe a Swine. A Woman of this make is a Slut in her Houſe, and a Glutton at her Table. She is uncleanly in her Perſon, a Slattern in her Dreſs, and her Family is no better than a Dunghil.

A ſecond Sort of Female Soul was formed out of the ſame Materials that enter into the Compoſition

position of a Fox. Such an one is what we call a notable discerning Woman, who has an Insight into every Thing, whether it be good or bad. In this Species of Females there are some virtuous and some vicious.

A third Kind of Women were made up of Canine Particles. These are what we commonly call Scolds, *who imitate the Animals out of which they were taken, that are always busy and barking, that snarl at every one who comes in their Way, and live in perpetual Clamour.*

The fourth Kind of Women were made out of the Earth. These are your Sluggards, who pass away their Time in Indolence and Ignorance, hover over the Fire a whole Winter, and apply themselves with Alacrity to no Kind of Business but Eating.

The fifth Species of Females were made out of the Sea. These are Women of variable uneven Tempers, sometimes all Storm and Tempest, sometimes all Calm and Sunshine. The Stranger who sees one of these in her Smiles and Smoothness, would cry her up for a Miracle of good Humour; but on a sudden her Looks and Words are changed, she is nothing but Fury and Outrage, Noise and Hurricane.

The sixth Species were made up of the Ingredients which compose an Ass, or a Beast of Burden. These are naturally exceeding slothful, but upon the Husband's exerting his Authority, will live upon hard Fare, and do every Thing to please him. They are however far from being averse to Venereal Pleasure, and seldom refuse a Male Companion.

The Cat furnished Materials for a seventh Species of Women, who are of a melancholy, froward, unamiable Nature, and so repugnant to the Offers of Love, that they fly in the Face of their Husband when he approaches them with conjugal Endearments. This Species of Women are likewise subject to little Thefts, Cheats, and Pilferings.

The Mare with a flowing Mane, which was never broke to any servile Toil and Labour, composed an eighth Species of Women. These are they who have little Regard for their Husbands, who pass away their Time in Dressing, Bathing and Perfuming; who throw their Hair into the nicest Curls, and trick it up with the fairest Flowers and Garlands. A Woman of this Species is a very pretty Thing for a Stranger to look upon, but very detrimental to the Owner, unless it be a King or Prince who takes a Fancy to such a Toy.

The ninth Species of Females were taken out of the Ape. These are such as are both ugly and ill-natur'd, who have nothing beautiful in themselves, and endeavour to detract from or ridicule every thing which appears so in others.

The tenth and last Species of Women were made out of the Bee; and happy is the Man who gets such an one for his Wife. She is altogether Faultless and Unblameable; her Family flourishes and improves by her good Management. She loves her Husband, and is beloved by him. She brings him a Race of beautiful and virtuous Children. She distinguishes herself among her Sex. She is surrounded with Graces. She never sits among the loose Tribe of Women, nor passes away her Time with them in wanton Discourses. She is full of Virtue and Prudence, and is the best Wife that Jupiter *can bestow on Man.*

I shall conclude these Iambicks with another Fragment of the same Author: *A Man cannot possess any Thing that is better than a good Woman, nor any Thing that is worse than a bad one.*

As the Poet as shewn a great Penetration in this Diversity of Female Characters, he has avoided the Fault which *Juvenal* and Mons. *Boileau* are guilty of, the former in his sixth, and the other in his last Satyr, where they have endeavoured to expose the Sex in general, without doing Justice to the valuable Part of it. Such levelling Satyrs are of no Use to the World, and for this Reason I have often wondered how the *French* Author abovemention'd, who was a Man of exquisite Judgment, and a Lover of Virtue, could think humane Nature a proper Subject for Satyr in another of his celebrated Pieces, which is called *The Satyr upon Man.* What Vice or Frailty can a Discourse correct, which censures the whole Species alike, and endeavours to shew by some superficial Strokes of Wit, that Brutes are the more excellent Creatures of the two? A Satyr should expose nothing but what is corrigible, and make a due Discrimination between those who are, and those who are not the proper Objects of it.

To the Printer of the Pennsylvania Gazette.

SIR,

I Send you the foregoing Speculation to be inserted in your next, concerning which I shall only make this Observation, That in a certain Street of this City, there are among others, ten Women, one of each of the several Kinds abovementioned.

I am, SIR,
Your very humble Servant,
S. R.

Philadelphia,
Nov. 20, 1730.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

HAGUE, Aug. 11. From Compeigne (where the French Court now is) we are assured by very good Hands, that the Cardinal Minister's present Martial Disposition (his Pacifick Mood being quite vanished) has greatly retrieved his Credit with the Princes of the Blood, and the principal Lords of the old Court, who began very much to dislike his Procedure. And from Vienna, under July 29. we learn, that after the Emperor had dispatched his last Answer to the Court of France, his Imperial Majesty had no other Course to pursue, than that of his Military Preparations. Don Manuel, Prince of Portugal, who is actually arrived in Poland, on his way to Russia, is going (if we are rightly informed) to attempt a Marriage with the Princess Proscovia Iwanowna, Presumptive Heir to the Throne after

after the Death of her eldeſt Siſter, the preſent Czarina, if that Princeſs ſhould happen to die without marrying again and leaving Iſſue. The Emperor has not yet quite dropped the Deſign he formed ſome Years ago, to get him elected King of Poland, ſince there is no likelihood of his ſuccceding in Favour of the Electoral Prince of Saxony: But as it will require 3 or 4 Millions of Florins to do effectually the Prince of Portugal's Buſineſs in Poland, we cannot conceive who will be at that Expence. --- The Proceedings againſt the Sodomites in this Province, are, as it were, terminated by the Citation of the Abſentees; and thus this Affair, which has done ſome Hurt at Amſterdam, is at an End: Nor will it be revived in Zealand for particular Reaſons. Baron R---- is retired to Altena; Monſr. M--n to Paris; Mynheer S---- to Venice: But what is become of the Heers K----n and R----n, rich Merchants of Amſterdam, we know not. Alſo from Compeign, by other Hands we learn, that the Anſwer given to Count Konigſek, was what the Imperial Court will call dry, (*ſeche*) It imported, 'That it was a ſenſible Mortifi-
'cation to ſee, that all the Pains that had been
'taken to avoid a War, had proved ineffec-
'tual; and that the Emperor perſiſts in his
'Reſolution to ſhed Chriſtian Blood on ſo
'ſlight an Occaſion: But that ſince they are
'forced to it, his Imperial Majeſty will ſoon
'be convinced that France and her Allies
'permitted the late Delays purely for the
'ſake of Peace, and not out of any Diſtruſt of
'Succeſs in the Juſtice of their Cauſe.' This Anſwer was made with the greater Firmneſs, becauſe the Cabinet Courier Bannieres, who lately arrived from Spain, brought the laſt Reſolution of her Catholick Majeſty, intimating, *That ſhe will not loſe a Moment's Time more, nor be the Dupe of the Court of Vienna: That every Thing was ready; and that if ſhe is abandoned by her Allies, ſhe will try if ſhe is not ſtrong enough to act without them*, &c. In effect, Orders are ſent to Marſeilles and Toulon, to get all Matters ready for embarking at an Hours Warning.

ROME, July 27. The other Day Sig. Piero Altieri, one of the Fathers of Mercy, preſented to his Holineſs an extraordinary Parrot, which he had brought with him from Algiers when he was laſt there redeeming Chriſtian Slaves. This Parrot had been taught by the Turk his former Maſter to repeat ſeveral Articles of the Mahometan Faith in the Arabick Tongue; but ſince Father Piero has had him in Poſſeſſion, he has caus'd him to forbear ſpeaking Arabick, and has learn'd him to repeat the whole Chriſtian Creed in Latin, which he perform'd before the Pope, to the Admiration of all preſent. Cardinal Salviari who ſtood by, cenſuring it as bordering on Prophaneneſs and Impiety, to teach a Creature to repeat the Creed, which was naturally incapable of underſtanding it; His Holineſs reply'd, very gravely, *I doubt there are great Numbers who call themſelves Chriſtians, that underſtand their Faith no better than this Parrot.*

LONDON, July 4. On Thurſday, in the Afternoon, came on at the Old-Baily, the Trial of Peter Bluck, Gent. (*See our Gazette*, No. 97.) on an Indictment for the Murder of Anne Bluck his Daughter about 2 Years ſince. There were five Witneſſes called, one of which was an Apothecary, who depoſed, that he attended the Deceaſed, and that ſhe was afflicted with Convulſion Fits; that he had given her Eaſe twice for them, and the third Time they kill'd her; and being ask'd by the Court, whether he believed them to be the Cauſe of her Death, or whether her Death was cauſed by any Violence? reply'd, That he really believed ſhe died of Convulſion Fits: The two Searchers were call'd, and both ſwore, that they view'd the Body of the Deceaſed, and were of Opinion, that ſhe died of Convulſion Fits. Two Gentlemen were produced, who both ſwore that Mr Bluck was Lunatick before the Death of the ſaid Child; that he had continued ſo till the Time of his going before a Juſtice and accuſing himſelf of the Fact; and that he was even the ſame to this Day. Upon the whole, the Judge gave a moſt pathetick Charge to the Jury; and they, without going out of Court, brought Mr. Bluck in *Non Compos Mentis*. He had ſeveral Friends in Court, who immediately after the Verdict, undertook to put him into a proper Place for the effecting the Recovery of his Senſes; whereupon the Court ordered his Irons to be knock'd off, and him to be diſcharged, which was done accordingly.

It is talk'd that the Soldiers in Great Britain, will be employed in repairing the Roads in moſt Parts of the Kingdom, and be allowed their full Pay.

On Thurſday laſt the Rev. Mr. Arthur Bedford preſented to the King and Queen at Windſor, his learned and laborious Work, intituled, The Scripture Chronology demonſtrated by Aſtronomical Calculations; and on the Day following he preſented the ſame to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, which they all received very graciouſly.

On Saturday laſt the Son of Mr. Capper, an Attorney in Chancery-Lane, was paſſing thro' Little Jermain Street, when a rotten Corniſh of a Houſe fell down upon his Head, ſo that his Brains came out, and he died on Monday laſt.

On the ſame Day a young Man of ſixteen Years of Age, went to ſwim in the Thames near Chelſea, and was unfortunately drowned. He was deſign'd to be brought up a Scholar; and that very Evening his Mother went to a Boarding-School at Chelſea, to treat about his Boarding and Learning, where ſhe found her Son dead.

Auguſt 8. The great Fortune of Miſs Baker, (a very deſerving young Lady, who died lately, much regretted, at Clapham) devolves to the Crown.

By the Poſt we have the following freſh Advices.

Leghorn, Aug. 19. Hoſtilities are begun at Barcelona, by the taking of a Tartane under Imperial Colours, as ſhe was coming with Salt Fiſh from Sardinia; the Maſter whereof, being a Native of Final, but naturalized in Sicily, and furniſhed with a Paſport from the Viceroy, was impriſoned with his Men, and the Ship and Cargo confiſcated.

Amſterdam, Sept. 15. They write from Moſcow, that Pr. Thamas had beat the Turkiſh Troops ſent to relieve Tauris.

London, Aug. 20. Laſt Night one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers arrived from the Hague, with Diſpatches from the Right Hon. the Earl of Cheſterfield, and proceeded immediately to Windſor: We hear he brought a Confirmation of the King of Poland's having acceeded to the Treaty of Seville. The Advices from moſt Parts of the Country do all agree, that there hath not been a finer Crop of Corn, nor a better Harveſt for many Years.

Sept. 10. Laſt Night a Committee of Council was held at the Cockpit, Whitehall, on ſome Affairs relating to the Colony of New-York.

They write from Lisbon the 28th paſt, N. S. That by the Way of Brazil they had received Advice of Mombaſa on the Eaſtern Coaſt of Africa, being re-taken by the Natives, which Place had been long poſſeſſed by the Portugueſe.

The Points in diſpute between the Courts of Great Britain and Pruſſia, being in a fair Way of Accommodation, Sir Clement Cotterel, Knight, Maſter of the Ceremonies, came to Town from his Seat yeſterday at Twickenham, in order to conduct his Excellency Count Degenfelt, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Pruſſia, to his firſt Publick Audience of their Majeſties this Day at Windſor.

The King of Sardinia has made a formal Abdication of his Kingdom, and reſign'd the Crown, &c. to his Son the Prince of Piedmont. 'Tis ſaid he deſigns to marry in his Retirement the Counteſs Dowager St. Sebaſtian, who was Lady of Honour to the late Queen. His Age is 64. being born the 14th of May, 1666.

Charlſtown, in N. Eng. Octob. 23. Wedneſday laſt died here within two Hours of each other, Nicholas Toop and Hannah Newman, two young Perſons that were to have been married the Evening before: he died of the Small Pox, and ſhe with Bleeding, &c. ſoon after him. This Evening they were both decently interred in the ſame Grave.

Boſton, Nov. 16. By Capt. Hammerden from London we are informed, that the Ship Great Cæſar of Portſmouth, who was bound from Cadiz to that Place, was Founder'd upon the Banks of Newfoundland, the Ships Company about 30 in Number, got into their Boat, where they were in great Danger of periſhing, by the Violence of the Wind and Seas; but the next Day they came in Sight of a Ship bound from Nevis to London, who had loſt her Maſt in the Storm, Capt. Hicks Commander, who took them on board, and proceeded on her Voyage; ſhe arrived in the Downs the Day Capt. Hammerden ſail'd from thence.

In a Letter from a Gentleman at the Weſt-Indies, there is mentioned, that they had Advice there that Capt. Jump of this Place, who was upon the Coaſt of Guinea bound hither, was himſelf and Company murther'd by the Negro's they had on Board. But this wants Confirmation.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Nov. 23. *Entred inwards.* Barnes from Boſton, Phœnix from St. Kitts and S. Euſtatia. *Entred out,* Simmon for Curaco, Daviſon for South-Carolina, Vanpelt for North-Carolina, Lawrence for Antigua, Sloop Nights Rambler for Boſton. *Cleared,* Roſewel to North Carolina, Smith to Antigua, Buſh to Barbadoes, Judkin to St. Thomas's, Marſton to Curacoa.

On Wedneſday laſt an Accident happened in this City; The Wife of Thomas Gleaves, having Occaſion to go to a Neighbour's Houſe, ſet her Child of about 18 Months old in a Chair by the Fire; ſhe ſtaid but a ſhort Space, and on her Return, found that the Child's Cloaths had taken Fire, and the Child burnt almoſt to Death. They gave it ſome hot Wine, and it cry'd More, More, and died immediately.

Laſt Saturday Night betwixt 7 and 8 a Clock a S. Eaſt Storm aroſe here; about 12 a Clock it blew violently, and continued all Day on Sunday, in which time much Damage was done among the Ships and Veſſels in this Harbour of New-York. In the time of which Storm, Capt. Bourdet in the Ship Arent arrived here in Five Weeks from Briſtol.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, Entred inwards.

Brigt. Mary, John Price, from Barbadoes.

Entred outwards. None.

Cleared out.

Snow Delaware, John Selwood, to Plymouth.
----- Lovely Hannah, John Wilcocks, to S. Carolina.
Brigt. Olive Branch, David Burch, to Antigua.
----- Swallow, John Plasket, to Briſtol.
Ship Mary, James Benn, to Glaſgow.
---- Alexander and Anne, William Clymer, to Lisbon.
---- Three Batchelors, William Spafford, to Barbadoes.
Sloop Surinam, Henry Norwood, to Jamaica.
----- Trueman, John Cox, to Jamaica.

Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week paſt.

Church - - - - -	0.	Baptiſts - - - - - - - - - -	0.
Quakers - - - -	0.	Strangers Whites - - -	0.
Presbyterians - -	0.	Strangers Blacks - - -	1.

Advertiſements.

READY Money, and a good Price for good clear white Horſe-Hair, alſo for good light or Grey Human Hair, given by *William Croſsthwaite*, Perukemaker, over againſt the Pewter-Platter in Frontſtreet, *Philadelphia.*

RUN away on the 17th Inſtant, from *James Armitage*, Eſq; of the County of *New-Caſtle* on *Delaware*, an Iriſh Servant Man, named *Richard Hall*, about 22 Years of Age, pretty tall and ſlender, ſtrait black Hair if not cut off, a piece cropt off one of his Ears, browniſh great Coat, cloſe-bodied Coat, Waſtecoat and Breeches, with Mohair Buttons, new Shoes full of ſmall Nails; it is ſuppoſed he hath a counterfeit Paſs with his Maſters Name to it: He took with him a little young Bay Mare, ſhod before, branded S L on the near Buttock; with a Saddle and ſnaffle Bridle with twiſted Bitts a ſmall Gun, and ſeveral other things. RUN away at the ſame time (ſuppoſed to be in Company) an Iriſh Servant Boy about 18 Years of Age, belonging to the Widow *Watſon* of the Place aforeſaid; he is ſhort and well ſett, ſhort light-colour'd curled Hair, named *Charles Levett*; has with him a whitiſh great Coat with braſs Buttons, Leather Breeches; took with him a black Horſe with a Star in the Forehead, not ſhod, branded with T on the near Shoulder, and W on the near Buttock, with a breaſted Saddle, an old Bridle, and ſeveral other things. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall have *Fifty Shillings* Reward, for each, and reaſonable Charges paid by

James Armitage.

RUN away on the 6th Inſtant at Night from *John Orr*, near *Skuylkill, Philadelphia*, a Servant Man named *James Mitchel*, of middle Stature, brown curling Hair, ſmooth faced, with one black Eye by Boxing lately, about 28 Years of Age, a Cooper by Trade. Has with him a brown Kerſey Coat and Jacket, ſhort made in the Waſte; a blue grey Broadcloth Coat, plain made, with long Pockets and a black Velvet Cape; an old Great Coat of black Kerſey; fine Linen Shirts; black Broadcloth Breeches, and brown Kerſey Breeches; knit Mittens, mixt with red, blue and white; a Felt Hat, light grey Stockings and good Shoes; He has been a Traveller, and can talk *Dutch, Spaniſh* and *Iriſh*. He took with him a ſmall brown Mare, having a Slit in the near Ear, branded T L with a flower-de-luce between, a fine Pacer, ſhod before, with an old Saddle and a new curb Bridle. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant and Mare, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall have *Four Pounds* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid, by

John Orr.

VERY good Live-Geeſe Feathers, to be ſold at *Evan Powell's* in *Cheſnut-ſtreet*, next Door but one to *A. Hamilton*, Eſq;

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